Mr. President,

On behalf of the Government of the Republic of Vietnam, I have the honour to call your personal attention and that of the Security Council of the United Nations on dangerous acts of war being presently perpetuated by the People's Republic of China against the Republic of Vietnam, on Vietnamese territory and in Vietnamese territorial waters.

Subsequent to its unfounded claim - as publicized on January 11, 1974 in Peking - of sovereignty on the Vietnamese archipelago of Hoang-Sa (also known as Paracels, and located between meridians 111 and 113 East, and Parallels 15.45 and 17.05 North), the People's Republic of China, on January 17, 1974 and the following days, sent an important naval task-force composed of 11 vessels of various tonnages, including the two missile-ships of the Komar type, to the Hoang-Sa area, abbproximately 170 nautical miles off Da-Nang.

Hostilities started on January 19, 1974 at 8:29 hours (local time) after a Chinese landing party had opened fire on Vietnamese troops on the island of Quang-Hoa (also known as Duncan, 14:42 East, 16.27 North).

At the same time, Communist Chinese vessels engaged Vietnamese vessels stationed in the area, causing heavy casualties and material damages.

On January 20, 1974, Communist Chinese warplanes which had been overflying the area on previous days, joined the action and bombarded Vietnamese positions on the islands of Hoang-Sa (Paracels) Cam-Tuyen (Robert) and Vinh-Lac (Money).

As of the writing of this letter, Chinese troops have landed on all the islands of the Hoang-Sa archipelago, and the Chinese naval task-force seemed prepared to head for the Truong-Sa (Spratley) archipelago.

The above-mentioned events show that the People's Republic of China is engaging in an aggression across international borders, against an independent and sovereign state, with the aim of occupying and annexing by force of arms territories which are an indivisible part of the Republic of Vietnam. On this point, I wish to refer to my note verbale of January 16, 1974 in which I detailed undeniable evidence of Vietnamese sovereignty over the island presently under attack by the People's Republic of China.

The Government of the Republic of Vietnam, in bringing the above to the attention of the Security Council, once again reaffirms its faith in the United Nations and its acceptance of the purposes and principles enunciated in the Charter of the Organization. It views the aggression by the People's Republic of China as a serious breach of international peace and security, threatening the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of small nations everywhere, particularly in Asia.

In accordance with Article 35, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations, the Government of the Republic of Vietnam hereby solemnly draws the attention of the Security Council to the grave situation created by the action of the People's Republic of China in the Hoang-Sa archipelago area.

I therefore have the honour to request you to convene an immediate meeting to consider this aggression by the People's Republic of China against the Republic of Vietnam in order to take urgent actions to correct the situation and put an end to the aggression.

For its part, the Government of the Republic of Vietnam accepts in advance the obligations of pacific settlement provided in the Charter of the United Nations.

In the meantime, I also request you to kindly have this letter circulated as an official document of the Security Council to all state members of the United Nations and to all states maintaining Permanent Observers to the Organization.

Accept, Mr. President, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

Saigon, January 20, 1974

Signed: VUONG VAN BAC