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"ASIAN ARTISTS IN CRYSTAL"SHOWN BY U.S. AT U.N.E.S.C.O. CONFERENCE

PARIS, Nov. 6 -- An exhibit of exquisite Steuben glasswork decorated with drawings executed by leading Asian and Middle East artists was shown here today by the U.S. delegation to the General Conference of the U.N. Scientific, Cultural and Educational Organization (UNESCO).

The exhibit, entitled "Asian Artists in Crystal," blends the art of Asia and the crafts of America. It includes examples of crystal vases and bowls made by American craftsmen of Steuben Glass. Artists from 16 countries were commissioned to design the engravings in 1954.

"Asian Artists in Crystal" has been exhibited through Asia and the Near East. It was shown at the Tu-Do Information Hall in Saigon last year.

Artists from the Republic of China, Japan, Republic of Korea, the Philippines, Republic of Vietnam, Indonesia, Thailand, Burma, India, Ceylon, Pakistan, Iraq, Iran, Syria, Turkey and Egypt prepared the drawings, characteristic of their national art forms.

The exhibit also was previously shown at Washington's National Gallery of Art and the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City.

It is planned that Amory Houghton, U.S. Ambassador to France, later will donate the various pieces comprising the exhibit to the governments of the countries from which the drawings came.

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LOCAL POLICE ADMINISTRATION DIVISIONRECEIVES AMERICAN AID EQUIPMENT

SAIGON, Nov. 7 -- A modern system of police identification is rapidly being established in Vietnam, according to Howard W. Hoyt, Chief of the Police Administration Division of the Michigan State University Group.

Mr. Hoyt accompanied Leland Barrows, Director of the American Aid Mission to Vietnam, and other American officials on a tour of the Vietnamese Police and Security Forces (Sureté) Headquarters on Wednesday, October 22 to view the progress being made in the joint Vietnamese-American program to modernize this country's police and security procedures.

Special emphasis is being placed on rapid and thorough identification of suspected criminals, but other services to the

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people of Vietnam are involved such as the identification of amnesia victims, unknown dead, the facilitating of job applications, and the national identity card program.

Another purpose of this program is to provide a better means of maintaining fingerprint records of all Vietnamese government employees and members of the armed forces.

The Michigan State University Group, at the request of President Ngo Dinh Diem, has worked with Vietnamese officials since early 1955 in providing technical advice including the establishment of modern criminal investigation techniques, police reorganization, traffic control, and up-to-date fingerprinting system, and in the development of police schools.

The Henry system of identification - used internationally - has now been inaugurated in Vietnam. This enables the Vietnamese Bureau of Investigation to send a photograph of a suspected criminal's fingerprints to many nations in the world to determine whether he has a past criminal record.

Another innovation established by GVN is the centralizing of all identification records throughout Vietnam with the Sureté in Saigon.

Approximately VN\$29,000,000 has been provided by the American Aid Mission to Vietnam for modernizing the Vietnamese police and security forces and the Civil Guard.

Of this amount, VN\$500,000 was used to remodel the old Sureté building; VN\$1,200,000 to construct a new building; and VN\$3,600,000 went into the construction of a new central garage for the repair and maintenance of motor vehicles.

In addition, direct dollar aid of \$5,500,000 has been provided for office and filing equipment, modern weapons, transportation and communication facilities, and a scientific crime laboratory.

KOREAN NATIONAL MEDICAL CENTER READY FOR OPERATION IN SEOUL

SEOUL, Nov. 4 -- A new \$4.4 million national medical center for Korea, first suggested seven years ago, has become a reality in Seoul as a joint project of the United Nations Korean Reconstruction Agency (UNKRA), three Scandinavian countries and the Republic of Korea government.

The center will provide Korea's civilian population with modern medical care and permit many of Korea's doctors, medical students and nurses to receive modern postgraduate training in their own country.