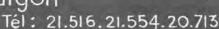


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May 14, 1957

U.S. SUPPORT OF VIETNAM SYMBOL OF HUMAN BROTHERHOOD, PRESIDENT NGO SAYS

NEW YORK, May 13.- The material and moral support which Vietnam has received from the United States comprise a "most vivid symbol of human brotherhood," Republic of Vietnam President Ngo Dinh Diem said here today.

Speaking to 450 persons at Mayor Robert F. Wagner's luncheon for him, President Ngo pointed out to his listeners that this aid and "what is even more precious, moral support" showed the solidarity which exists between free nations.

Earlier, President Ngo was accorded New York's famed ticker tape parade as he rode from the Battery to City Hall to be greeted officially by Mayor Wagner. New York Police estimated some 250,000 persons lined the street to greet him and shower confetti on him as he passed.

Preceding the parade, President Ngo held a press conference at which he told newsmen that he and President Eisenhower had discussed aid to Vietnam in general terms with no specific amounts mentioned.

Later today the Vietnamese President was at a reception given by the Council of Foreign Relations and tonight the American Friends of Vietnam and the International Rescue Committee gave a dinner in his honor at which time IRC presented him with the first Admiral Richard E. Byrd Memorial Award.

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Voice of America News Schedule (Saigon Time) Vietnamese Language 0730 - 13,16,19,25 meter bands 1230 - 19 meter band 1300 - 31 meter band,220 meters(1360 kc)0800 - 19,25 meter bands 1930 - 16,19,25,31,49 meter bands 2030 - 19,25,31,41,49 meter bands, 263 263 meters (1140 kc) 2100 - 19,25 meter bands 2130 - 25,31,41,49 meter bands, (1180 kc) 2230 - 19,25,31 meter bands,263 meters (1140 kc),220 meters (1360 kc) 2300 - 19,25 meter bands,263 meters (920 kc) (1140 kc),220 meters (1360 kc) 2300 - 19,25 meter bands,263 meters (1140 kc)

His schedule Tuesday includes hearing a Mass offered by Cardinal Spellman, breakfast with Cardinal Spellman and a luncheon in his honor given by the Far East America Council before his departure for Detroit to continue his American visit.

President Ngo departed considerably from his prepared text speech at the Mayor's luncheon. He noted the similarity between New York and his country that millions come here to seek a new life, while in Vietnam almost a million left North Vietnam to seek freedom in the South.

"The motives which directed those two great movements of humanity in history are the same," he said. "It is the love of freedom without which life is not worth living and for which no sacrifice could be too great."

He concluded his address by saying:

"Our community of democratic ideals, increased economic exchanges and a continuous broadening of cultural relations form already the foundation of a solid alliance, and I am sure, a long lasting friendship between our two countries.... I will do all in my power to make this friendship secure."

In introducing President Ngo, Mayor Wagner praised him as a man "to whom freedom is the very breath of life itself."

Mayor Wagner said New York had rejoiced in the freedom and sovereignty won by the 19 new nations since the end of World War II, of which Vietnam was one.

Mayor Wagner observed that President Ngo, to his eternal credit, had fulfilled his pledge that "I shall give this country a true democratic regime."

Tracing his achievement in the short time/the Premier, later President, Mayor Wagner told President Ngo, "Your devotion to freedom and democracy has touched our hearts."

The Mayor also presented President Ngo with the New York Medal of Honor and a scroll for "distinguished and exceptional service" for his leadership which inspired his people.

CAMBODIA CELEBRATES ANNIVERSARY OF BUDDHA'S DEATH

PHNOM PENH, May 13.- Visitors from Cambodian provinces and 16 foreign nations are here to participate in ceremonies commemorating the 2500th Anniversary of the Death of Buddha.

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Prince Norodom Sihanouk officiated at the Presentation of Sacred Relics of Buddha obtained from Ceylon in ceremonies on Sunday. One the previous evenings King Suramarit and Queen Kossamak as well as Prince Sihanouk received foreign delegates at the palace, including Walter C. Strom, U.S. Ambassador to Cambodia.

The festival activities included a procession of the Sacred Relics through the streets of Phnom Penh, chants of prayers, open air concerts and an interpretation of the life of Buddha by the Royal Ballet.

U.S. ORDERS PROMPT REPORTING OF RADIATION ACCIDENTS

WASHINGTON, May 13.- The Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) under a new regulation that becomes effective Tuesday, has directed American firms to make prompt notification of accidents involving the release of substantial amounts of atomic radiation. The Commission said it is taking the step to prevent potentially serious accidents or excessive radioactive exposure for industry workers and the public.

Besides the initial notification, the Commission order requires a detailed written report, within 30 days, of all incidents involving accidents, theft and inadvertent removal of radioactive materials from plants.

The AEC, in an announcement Saturday, said the move will enable the Commission to assure that appropriate steps are taken immediately to minimize the consequences of the incident, to determine its cause and to initiate corrective action.

The order applies to all American firms and organizations licensing atomic materials from the Commission and becomes part of regulations providing standards for the safe handling of radioactive materials and establishing limits governing exposure to radiation of atomic energy workers and the public at large.

FORMER CEYLON PREMIER PROTESTS SOVIET UNTRUE CHARGES

LONDON -- Sir John Kotelawala, former Ceylon Prime Minister, has protested to the newly appointed Soviet Ambassador in Ceylon against untrue statements made by Moscow Radio about the government in which he held office.

According to today's London Times, Kotelawala singled out the Soviet broadcast claims that "the external affairs of Ceylon and her internal line were in many ways controlled by the Western powers," in making the protest.

U.S. REJECTS JAPAN APPEAL TO HALT NEVADA ATOMIC TESTS

WASHINGTON -- The United States today rejected Japan's appeal for cancellation of the forthcoming atomic tests in Nevada.

The rejection was contained in a formal note signed by Secretary of State Dulles.

It expressed understanding of Japanese concern over the tests and pledged that the forthcoming Nevada tests will be conducted in such a manner as not to result in any significant addition to radiation levels throughout the world.

The U.S. asserted the Soviet Union was to blame for lack of agreement on ending nuclear bomb tests, and charged it with having obstructed progress toward control of the nuclear threat and the ending of nuclear weapons tests.

The Japanese have asked the U.S., Britain and Russia to stop all nuclear tests.

ILO TO MEET IN GENEVA NEXT MONTH

GENEVA, May 13.- Discrimination in the field of employment and occupation, and conditions of employment of plantation workers, will be discussed for the first time when the International Labor Organization conducts its 40th session here starting June 5.

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In addition final decisions will be reached on draft instruments concerning forced labor, weekly rest in commerce and offices, and the protection and integration of indigenous and tribal populations.

The conference also will study a report on the labor and social implications of technological advances -- particularly automation -- and the industrial uses of atomic energy. It will be presented by David A. Morse, ILO General Director.

AMERICAN SHIPPING TOLD TO PAY SUEZ TOLLS UNDER PROTEST

WASHINGTON, May 13.- The State Department today announced that American ship owners and operators have been advised that the United States does not object to American shipping using the Suez Canal provided tolls are paid under protest in accordance with existing U.S. regulations.

Treasury regulations of last August permit payment of tolls only if accompanied by a statement that such payment is made under protest and without prejudice to all rights of recovery or otherwise. This provision eliminated the possible double jeopardy or double liability which otherwise might occur should the old Suez Company claim payment of tolls.

In London, Prime Minister Macmillan announced in the House of Commons that British shipping will resume using the Suez Canal, ending a boycotte as began during last fall's Middle East crisis. Macmillan said payment of Canal dues and other charges will be made in British sterling. He said the government could not longer advise British ship owners not to use the Canal.

The U.S. position was contained in a statement by State Department Press Officer Lincoln White. The statement, which merely formalized existing U.S. policy, said:

"United States policy with respect to the Suez Canal question was set forth in a statement to the Security Council on April 26 by Ambassador Lodge.

"At that time he stated among other things that the Egyptian declaration in its present form does not fully meet the six requirements of the Security Council, that perhaps no final judgement can be made regarding the requirements proposed by Egypt until it has been tried, that the question of whether confidence among the users of the Canal can be established will depend on the manner in which the Egyptian declaration is carried out in practice.

"In keeping with this policy, the Department has advised American shipowners and ship operators that it interposes no objections to their use of the Canal providing payments of tolls is made in accordance with Treasury Regulations of August 1956 which continue in effect. These regulations permit payment of tolls only if accompanied with a statement that payment is made under protest and without prejudice to all rights of recovery or otherwise."

The payment of tolls under protest is required because of the possible double jeopardy or double liability which might arise in the event of a dispute arising between the old Suez Canal Company and the present operator of the waterway.

UPRISING BROUGHT NEW UNITY IN HUNGARY, EYEWITNESS SAYS

WASHINGTON, May 13.- Andre Marton, a former Associated Press correspondent in Hungary told the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee today that the 1956 Hungary Uprising, although crushed by Russian

Author Longer

tanks, has united the people of Hungary "as never before".

A native of Hungary, Marton was imprisoned prior to the revolution of charges that he was spying for the United States. He was released several weeks before the uprising, was in Budapest all through the revolution, and subsequently came to the United States. He is now with the Washington Bureau of the Associated Press.

There is no active anti-communist underground in Hungary at present, he said, since there is little opportunity for concealment of guerilla bands.

Marton said he hoped to remain in the United States and establish permanent residence here.

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